CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF PORT COQUITLAM

PARKS & RECREATION COMMITTEE

A meeting of the Parks & Recreation Committee was held in the committee room at City Hall on Thursday October 13, 1988 at 4:45 p.m.

In attendance were Alderman George Laking and Alderman Mike Gates.

Also in attendance was K. Janna Taylor, Parks & Recreation Director, and Larry Wheeler, Recreation Manager.

Item_No._1

Centennial Pool

The attached report was reviewed by the Parks & Recreation Committee.

Recommendation:

That recommendation number two be approved and taken to Committee of Council. CARRIED

ADJOURNMENT:

The meeting adjourned at 5:45 p.m.

G.R. Laking, Chairman

Janna Taylor, Secretary

THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF PORT COQUITLAM

1988 10 11

MEMORANDUM TO:

Alderman G.R. Laking Alderman M.D. Gates

MEMORANDUM FROM:

K. Janna Taylor, Parks & Recreation Director

SUBJECT: Centennial Pool

Purpose:

The purpose of this report is to provide background information, comparative costs of the indoor/outdoor pool operation, results of the feasibility study and then to provide several alternatives

Background:

In May 1988 the City retained the services of J.T. Barkley, reference to do an analysis on Centennial pool. Architect to do an analysis on Centennial pool. The terms of Architect to do an analysis on Centennial pool. The terms of reference for this analysis were as follows:

1. Building analysis of the structural, mechanical and electrical components.

a) identify problem areas
b) recommendation as to method of corrective contours.

- - recommendation as to method of corrective action and related cost estimates.

The report was completed in June 1988. In July a presentation of the study was made to Committee of Council by J. T. Barkley. After receiving the report Council referred the issue back to the Parks & Recreation Committee for a further study and then to

In August the Committee discussed the attached letter from the City Solicitor on the results of the feasibility study done by

Basically the Solicitor has indicated that now that the City has ecific knowledge of safety concerns, that any failure to take eps to rectify the safety issues would put the City in a liabilous position.

Now that Centennial pool is closed for the summer season it becomes imperative that a decision be made on the future of

Poco Marling

The Parks & Recreation Committee met with Larry Stephenson President of the PoCo Marlins on October 4th. At this meeting Mr. Stephenson outlined the concerns of the swim team.

The PoCo Marlins have been in existence since 1962 and they are a summer swim club that operate from May 1st to September. The importance of Centennial pool to the Marlins is vital for them to continue their program. Presently they are preparing for next year's programs therefore they require an answer as to the future of Cetennial pool very quickly. By December 1st, 1988 they will need to sign a letter of intent with four coaches. Invitations are sent out to various swim clubs for swim meets by mid January and replies are required by March 1989. They feel that to use Hyde Creek indoor pool for their operation would not be suitable due to the fact that there is no room for seating for 300 to 400 people during their swim meets. They usually have two or three swim meets in the summer. Presently they use Hyde Creek pool for practises during the montes of May and June.

Present Operation of Centennial Pool

Centennial pool and Robert Hope pool are in operation for the months of July and August and close down at the end of August.

attached to this report is a memorandum from the Recreation Manager on a comparative analysis of Hyde Creek pool/Centennial pool. I would like to draw committee's attention to point #3# on page "2" of the memorandum in which it would appear that a greater value per dollar invested would be obtained at the Hyde Creek facility.

The other question that needs to be addressed is; if the outdoor pool is to be in operation are we getting good value for only

Future considerations for the Parks & Recreation Department The City in the next few years has some major decisions to make in regard to the direction for leisure services. As was recently outlined in a G.V.R.D. report; the increase in Port Coquitlam for children 0-14 years of age is at 25.3% (please see attached table). This will no doubt mean more pressure on our recreational facilities. In our most recent registration we experienced an increase in our classes filling up. Usually we ve to cancel a few classes because they do not fill up for the 14 year age group. However, this fall was a different story and the classes filled immediately. The teen program is also extremely popular and does serve a need in the community.

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Decisions to be made

Decisions will need to be made in the following areas: future expansion of Hyde Creek Centre; what to build in site number five in Genstar; future of an arts facility; retro-fit of the PoCo Recreation Centre; future use of Kilmer House; open space requirements; active parks and passive parks and finally the cannot be made without a thorough and comprehensive master plan in isolation. The cost of such a master plan would be in the already indicated an interest in putting some money towards doing funding to help cut the cost down to the City.

Feasibility Study Results

- 1. Option one outlined on page 20 is to leave the pool as is and not to do anything. This option is not recommended due to the liability placed on the city.
- Option two is outlined on page 20 and would essentially bring the pool up to a public safety standard. The cost for option two is \$144,000 and it would bring up the life of the pool by five to eight years. Possible advantage of this major Parks & Recreation department master plan and would provide the PoCo Marlins with a home for the next few would probably be no major benefit in increased revenue as it would not alter the basic nature of the pool.
- 3. Option three would certainly encourage increased revenues and extend the pool life from eight to twelve years. The cost is \$325,000. This option would be more beneficial to the PoCo Marlins as they would have expanded facilities. increased revenues.

Option four has several items that would make the pool very attractive. If all the items were to be included the option would cost \$852,000. This option would definitely increase revenues and provide a deluxe outdoor facility. The life of the pool would be extended from twelve to sixteen years. However one needs to ask the question, would \$852,000 be more beneficial being spent doing a retro-fit on Hyde Creek months.

Possible Recommendations:

- Close Centennial pool forever
 - Open Hyde Creek Pool for a twelve month operation b) PoCo Marlins can operate out of the indoor pool as a summer club. (If a retro-fit was to be done at Hyde Creek Centre the housing of spectators for swim meets could be addressed at that time.)
- Do option number two at a cost of \$144,000. 2. a)
 - PoCo Marlins could utilize the pool for the next five ъ) to eight years.
 - Extend area of fencing to include a sunbathing area. c)
- Do option number three at a cost of \$355,000 a)
 - PoCo Marlins would utilize the pool b)
 - Increase months of operation at outdoor pool c)
- There are no doubt several other possible alternatives that have not been outlined that the committee may wish to discuss.

It should be noted that recommendation number two and three would no doubt require that the Poto Marlins operate out of Hyde Creek pool for one summer until renovations had been completed.

Ir your deliberations one needs to ask the question whether a two month operation of a swim team in an outdoor pool is a wise economic decision.

Conclusion The time has come in the life of many of the recreation facilities that decisions will have to be made as to their futures; ie. Robert Hope, Learner pools etc. I world once again impress upon the committee the need for a master plan. This master plan can then be utilized as a tool for future planning of facilities and expenditures. By having a master plan

we will not be faced with having to make decisions quickly on such things as Centennial pool. In other words, these problems would be identified at a much earlier stage.

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THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF PORT COQUITLAM

1988 09 22

CONFIDENTIAL

MEMORANDUM TO:

K. Janna Taylor, Parks & Recreation Director

MEMORANDUM FROM:

Larry Wheeler, Recreation Manager

SUBJECT: Comparative Analysis - Hyde Creek Pool/Centennial Pool

Attached is a comparative analysis of the Hyde Creek Pool versus Centennial Fool operations. In preparing this analysis and in interpreting it, several assumptions have been utilized:

- Pool facility is operated for ten months of the year. Two remaining months the pool is staffed for maintenance
- Centennial pool feasibility is a seasonal operation...two summer months only.
- Assumptions were made using available statistics and averaging. The resulting available statistics and averaging. The resulting figures (especially as they pertain to Centennial Fool) are at best estimates.
- User statistics were supplied by the Aquatic staff. It is anticipated that this figure is low because ticket users were not included in the count.
- School Board splits were used to establish operating costs for the Hyde Creek pool facility.

In addition the following points have been raised for your

- On paper, it appears that the indoor pool has a more effective recovery rate. In fact it does, but if School District revenues and expenditures are assumed to be equal and deleted ... the resulting recovery rates are much closer. However, it should be kept in mind that summer months would provide an opportunity for day-time programming.
- In 3 out of the 4 years presented the net cost per hour used has been lower at the indoor facility. This does not hold true in the 1988 budget year. However, in light of the variations in almost every variable in the budget year, I would not assume these proposed figures to be accurate.

- 3. Renovation at either facility would likely increase revenues. However, a greater value per dollar invested would be obtained at the Hyde Creek facility....as it would be enjoyed by local residents 10-12 months per year versus
- 4. The Marlins Swim Club are convinced that if Centennial Pool was closed, it would be the demise of their program. Some sort of guarantee would have to be provided to eliminate this concern. I would recommend an allocation process over guaranteed hours.
- 5. The PoCo Marlins President may want to make a general statement to the Parks & Recreation Committee. He is concerned about upsetting the Committee, but I suggested to him that he may want to ensure that the Committee has heard his concerns...even if they are general in nature.

hope this information is of some value.

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MACKENZIE MURDY
BARRISTERS & SOLICITORS

FAX (804) 889-9029 TELEPHONE (804) 889-5283

August 4, 1988

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P. O. BOX 49059 VANCOUVER, CAA

K. Janna Taylor
Parks & Recreation Director
City Hall
Port Coquitlam, B.C.
V3C 2A8

Dear Janna:

Re: Centennial Pool Feasibility Study Your File No. MO6-88-JT Our File No. 1262

Further to your July 25, 1988 letter to us, we have now reviewed the June, 1988 feasibility study for Centennial Pool.

In brief, the concerns expressed in the report, particularly with respect to the deficiencies in the electrical system, present some serious liability concerns. As an "occupier" of the Pool, the City owes a duty of care pursuant to the Occupiers Liability Act R.S.B.C. 1979, c. 303, section 3(1):

"to take that care that in all the circumstances of the case is reasonable to see that a person, and his property, on the premises, and property on the premises of a person, whether or not that person himself enters on the premises, will be reasonably safe in using the premises".

Section 3(2) provides that this duty of care applies in relation to the:

(a) condition of the premises;

(b) activities on the premises; or(c) conduct of third parties on the

(c) conduct of third parties on the premises".

safety concerns (and as an aside, this study would be available through discovery to other parties in any litigation involving the pool), failure to take any steps would not likely be seen by the Courts as reasonable in the circumstances. Thus, in the unfortunate event of an accident arising cut of the deficiencies listed in the feasibility study, the failure to act would most

MACKENZIE MURDY

August 4, 1988

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likely be a breach of the statutory duty of care and render the City liable for any damages or loss suffered. Finally, the better view is that a policy resolution can not avoid or diminish a statutory duty of care and so the City can not avoid the potential liability through a conscious decision to take no

Yours_truly

MacKENZIE MURDY

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cc: Bryan R. Kirk, City Administrator

Regional Social Issa.
Considerations for the liveble region strategy.

Social planning and Reserved Council if B.C.
G-URD Development Services
Luly 1950.

Percent Distribucion # of Population by Age. 1986 Tabla 2 Vancouver Census Metropolitan Area (CMA)

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Municipality	0 - 14	15 - 24	25 - 44	45 - 64	65÷
Burnaby	15.6% ·	16.12	33.0%		
Coquiclam	20.4%	15.9%	34.7%	22.17	13.27
Delca	24.27	16.2%		20.1%	7.9%
New Westminster	12.6%		33.0%	19.1%	7.4%
North Vancouver Distric		15.9%	34.0%	19.3%	18.2%
		15.4%	33.4%	23.4%	8.12
North Vancouver City	13.1%	16.7%	37.3%	19.47	13.5%
. Port Coquitlam	25.37	15,9%	36.7%	16.3%	
_ Port Moody	24.7% .	15.8z . ·	37.1%	17.6z	5.8%
Richmond	20.4%	15.37	34.5%	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	4.7%
Surrey	24.3%	14.9%		20.7%	9.17
University Endowment	18.9%		33.7%	17.8%	9.47
Lands	10.3%	15.1%	33.1%	14.7%	18.37
Vancouver	14.0%	Jane ne			
West Vancouver	14.12	15.5%	35.0%	20.5z	15.0%
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$\frac{(Pop 0 - 14)}{(Pop 15 - 64)}$					
	. 1976 =	31.87	. 1986	= 26.5%	
CMA Old Age Dependency R.	acio	• • •	•		

(<u>Poo 65</u>÷ (Pop 15 - 64)

1976 = 15.5%

1986 = 17.4%

Source:

Statistics Canada, General Population. Housing, Household, Family & Labour Force Data. Catalogue No. 92 - 809,
95 - 903 and 94 - 119.
Percentages may not always sum to 100% due to rounding.

Coquitlam, Delta, Port Coquitlam, Port Moody, Surrey, and Richmond and North Vancouver Discrict and UEL contain a high proportion of 0 - 14 age group.

There is little variation between municipalities in the 15 - 24 age group except that White Rock contains a smaller proportion of this age group.